

WFDSS-AQ and BlueSky-enabled Tools

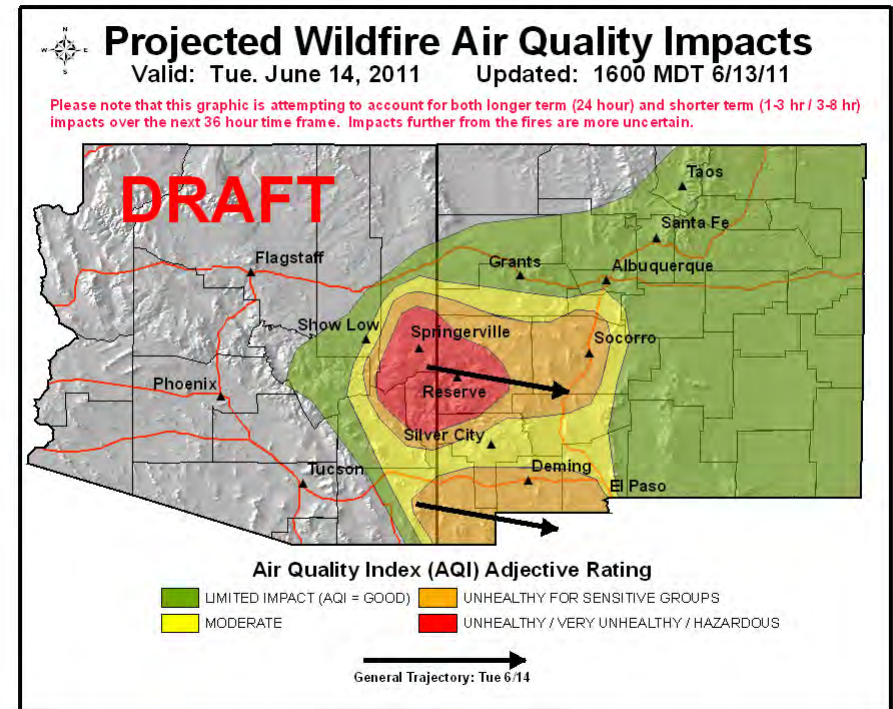
Webinar, March 7, 2012

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Why be concerned about smoke?

- “Nuisance” smoke
- Health effects
 - Increased hospitalizations
 - Increased mortality
- Air quality standards
 - Tighter air quality standards mean more non-attainment areas



A logical progression

What is the weather?

Where is the fire?

What are the fuels?

How much fuel got consumed?

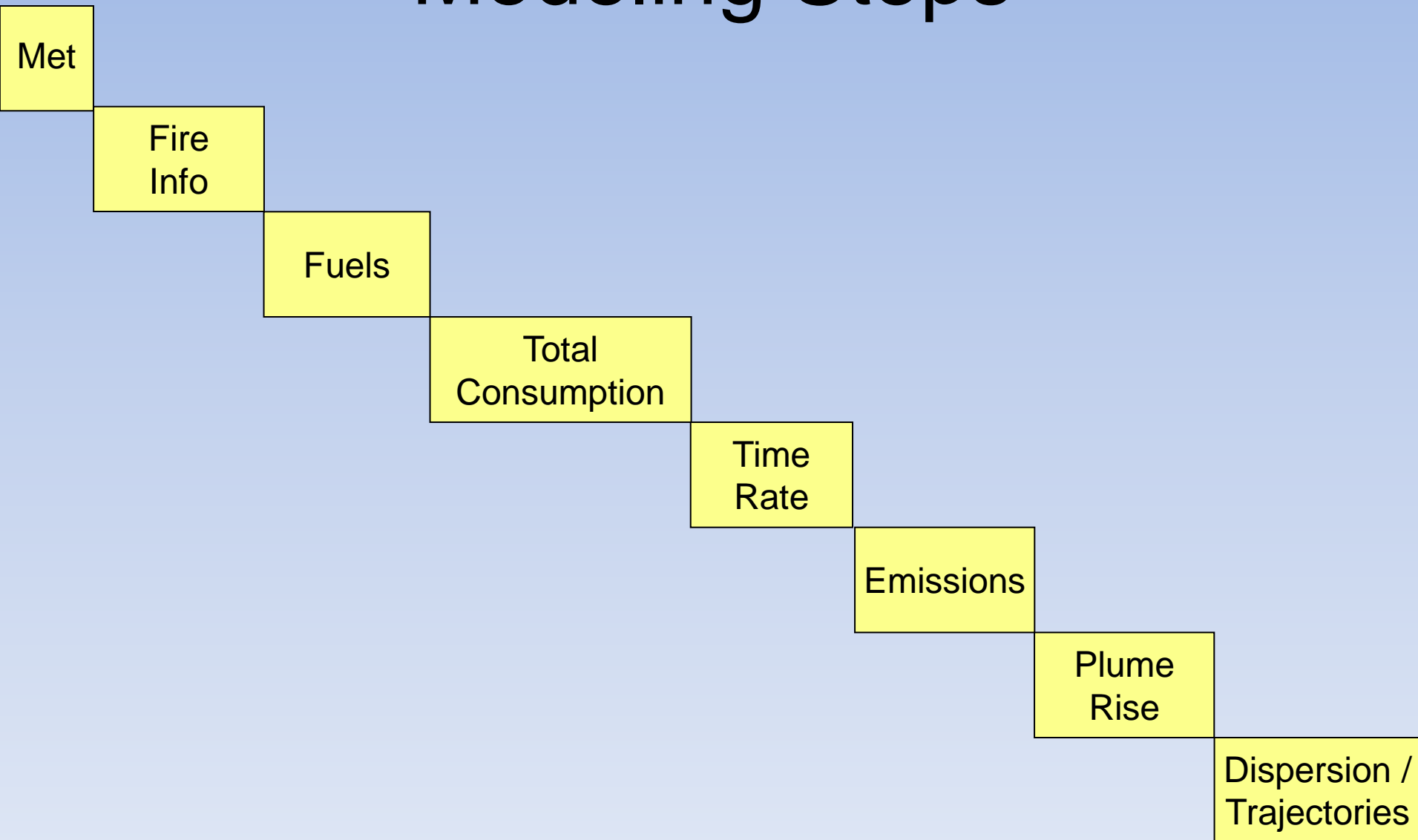
When did they burn?

What are the emissions?

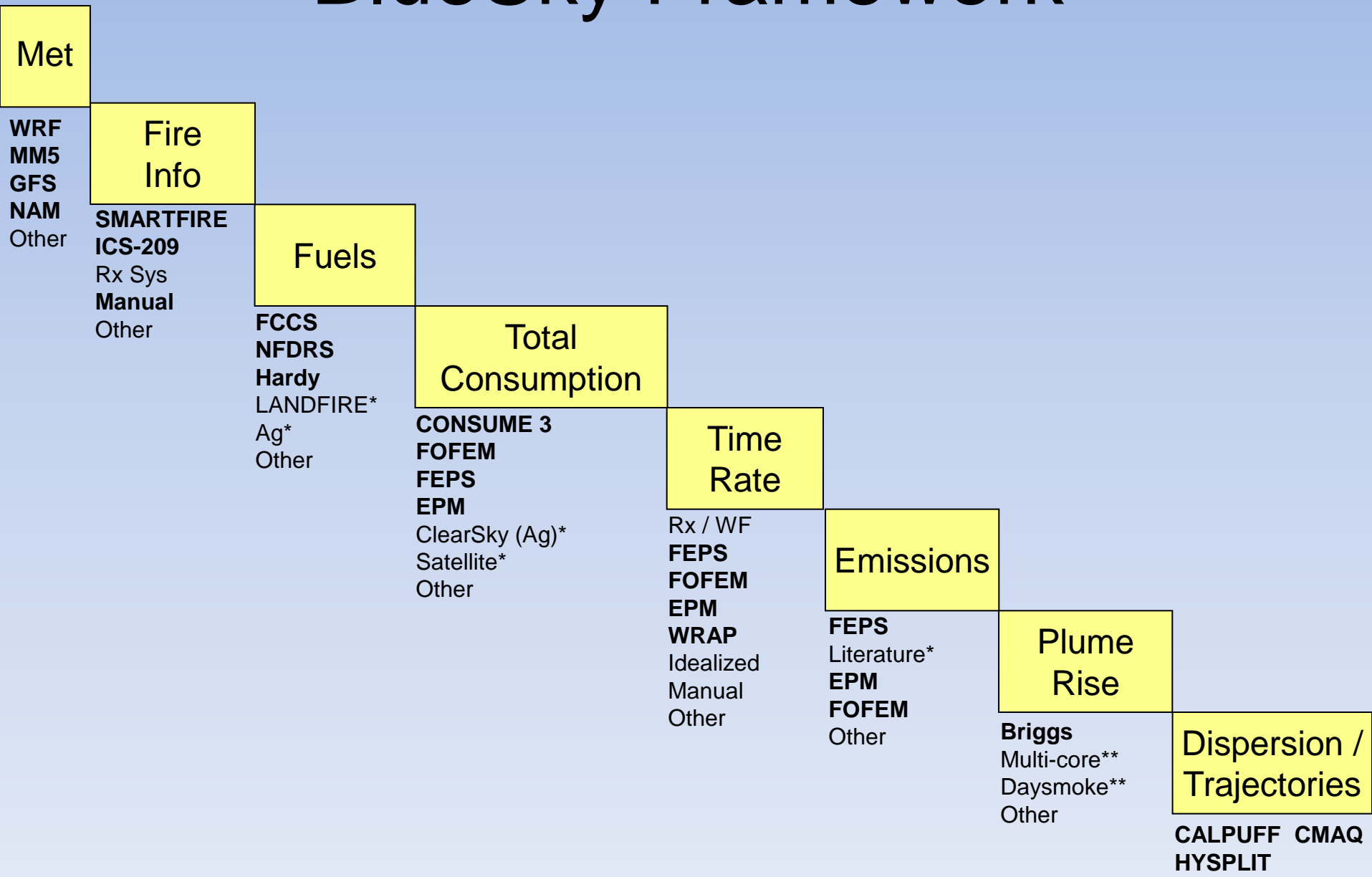
How high did the smoke go?

What are the smoke impacts?

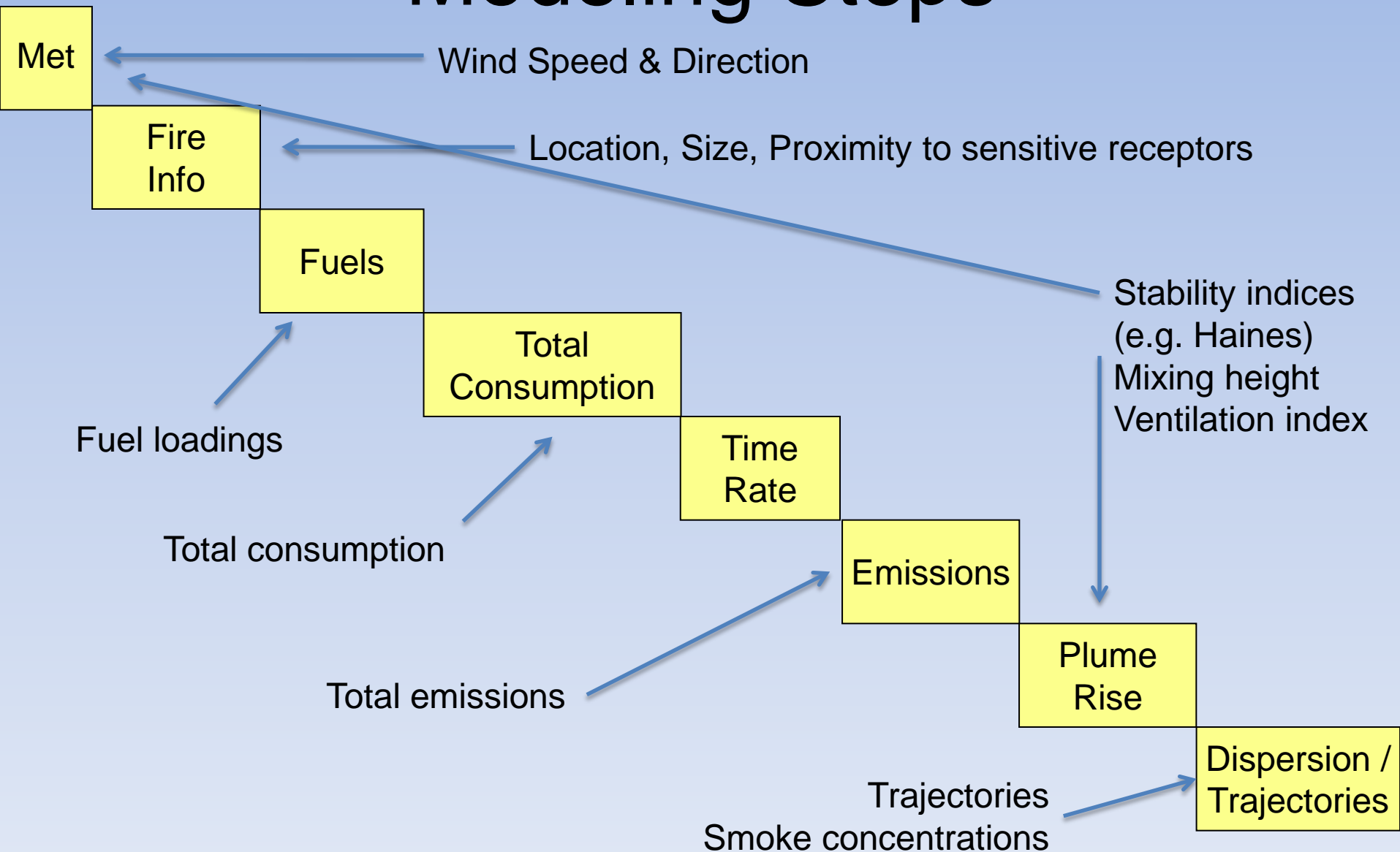
Modeling Steps



BlueSky Framework



Modeling Steps



What inputs do the models require?

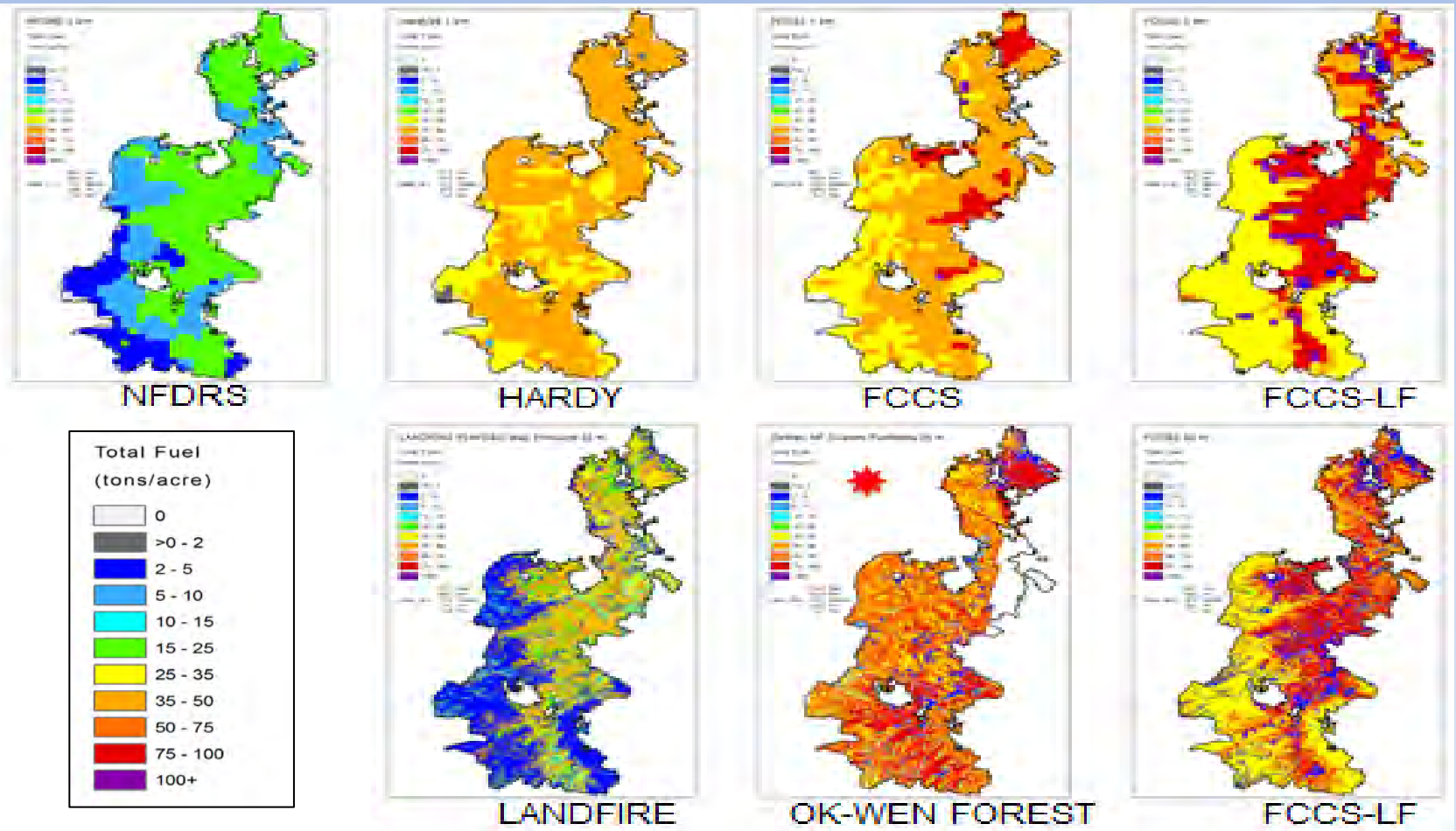
- Fire location, size, growth
- Fuel loadings (dead, live, canopy, duff)
- Fuel moistures (dead, live)
- others

Different models require different inputs:

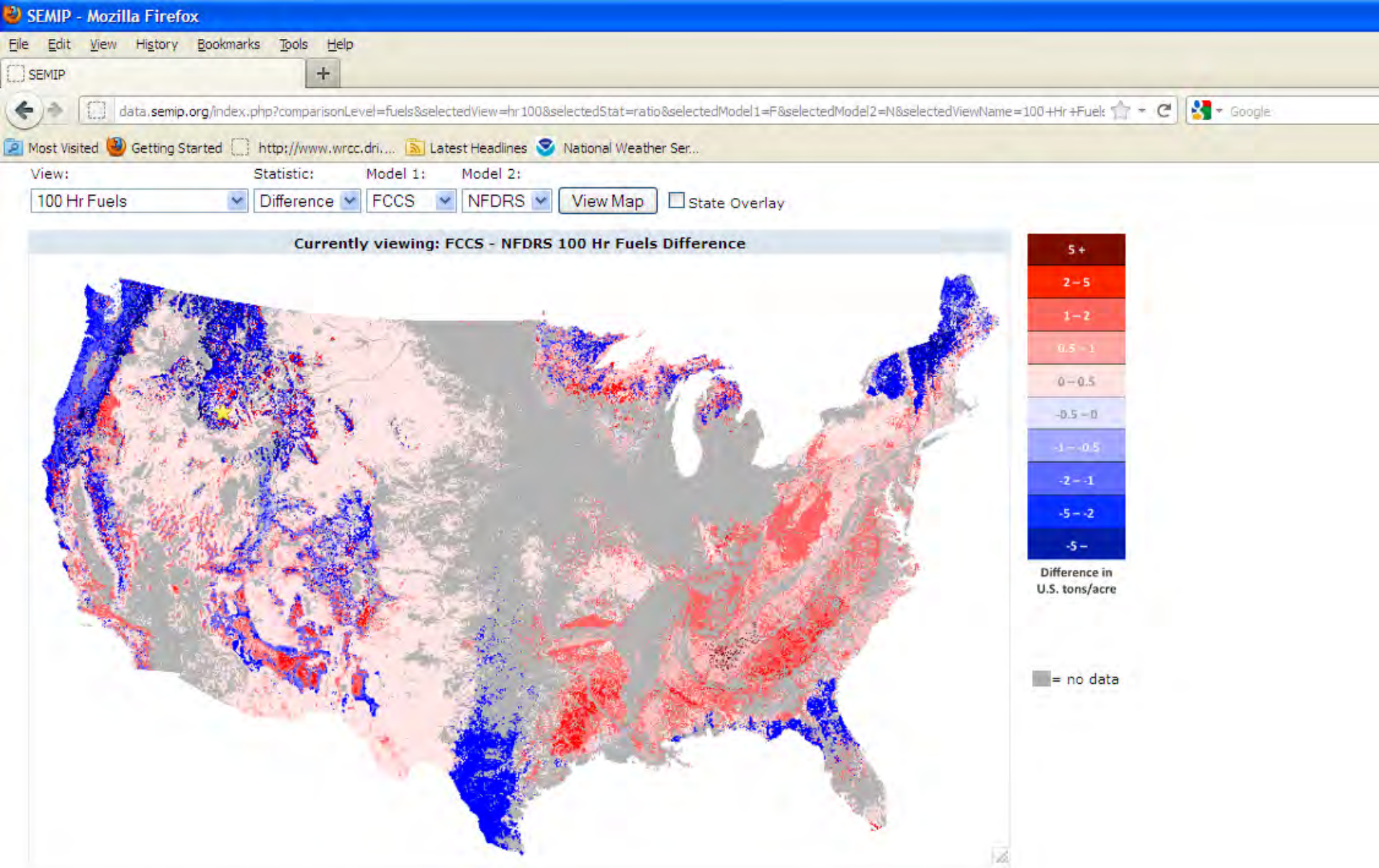
Just because you CAN enter a variable doesn't mean the model will use it!

Remember: Models help inform your decisions, they do not make your decisions!

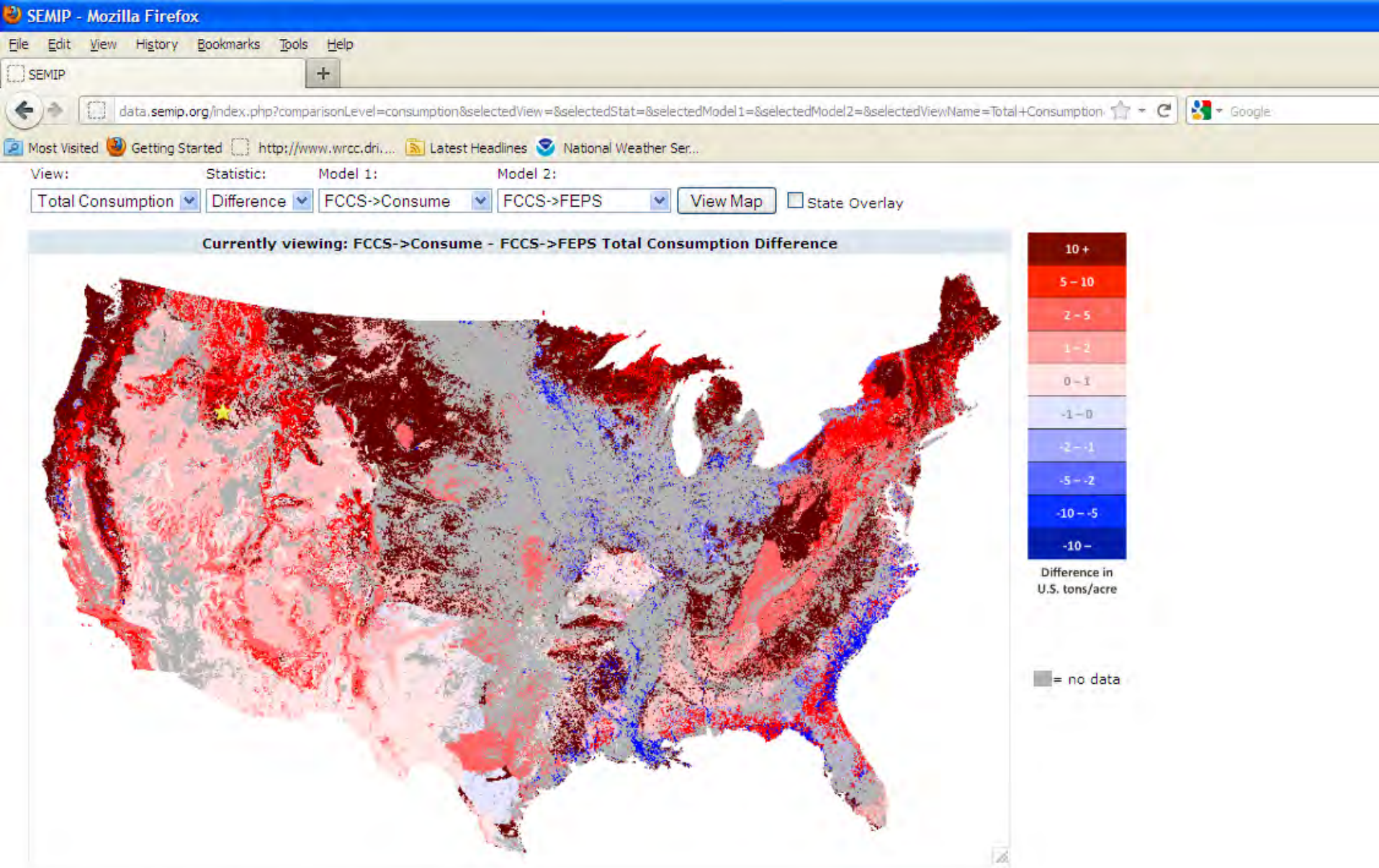
Fuel loadings vary by source and resolution (1km, top; 30m, bottom)



Differences in 100-hr fuel loadings: FCCS - NFDRS



Differences in total consumption: Consume - FEPS



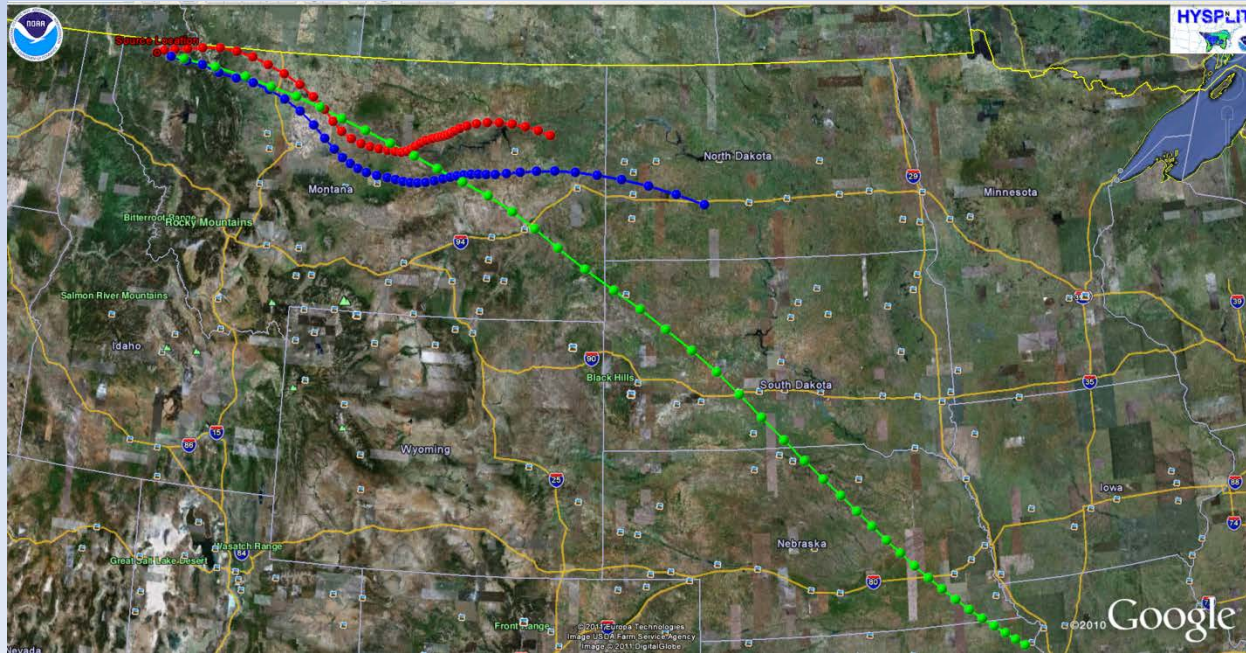
Point Location Information

Interpreting Model Output

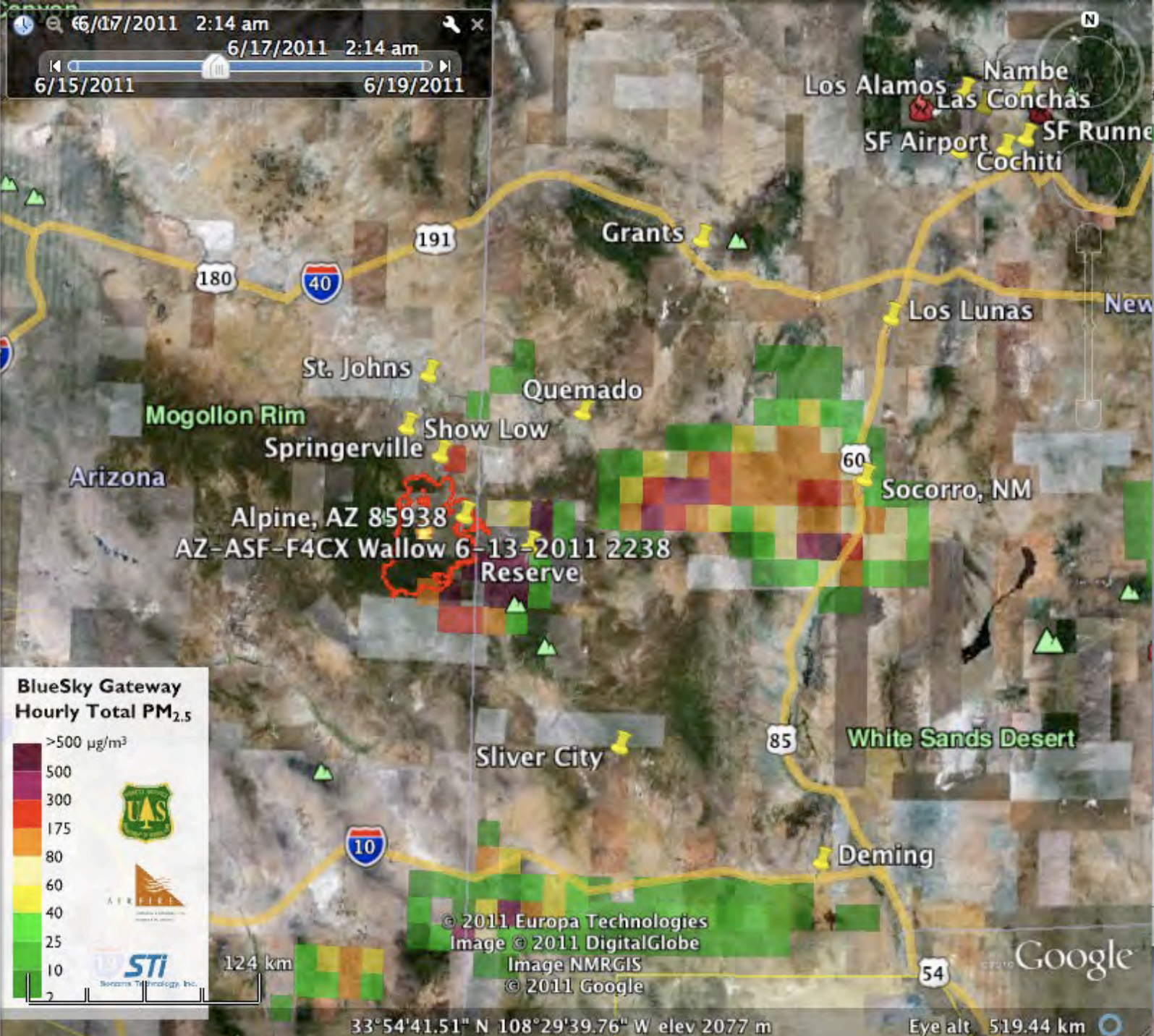
- Need to understand what went into the models
- Need to understand some basics about how the models work (e.g. what shortcuts are being taken?)
- Need to understand the resolution of the model – can it see important terrain features?

Trajectories vs. Dispersion

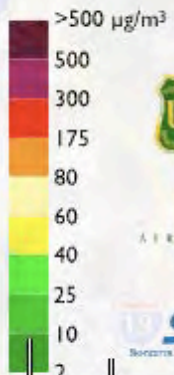
- Trajectories:
 - depict centerline movement of a parcel of air released at a specified time and height
 - show the path of the parcel as it is carried by the 3-D wind field
- Trajectories do not:
 - Provide any information about smoke concentrations
 - Account for the plume widening both vertically and horizontally
 - Tell you if smoke is predicted to reach a location



6/17/2011 2:14 am
6/17/2011 2:14 am
6/15/2011 6/19/2011



BlueSky Gateway
Hourly Total PM_{2.5}

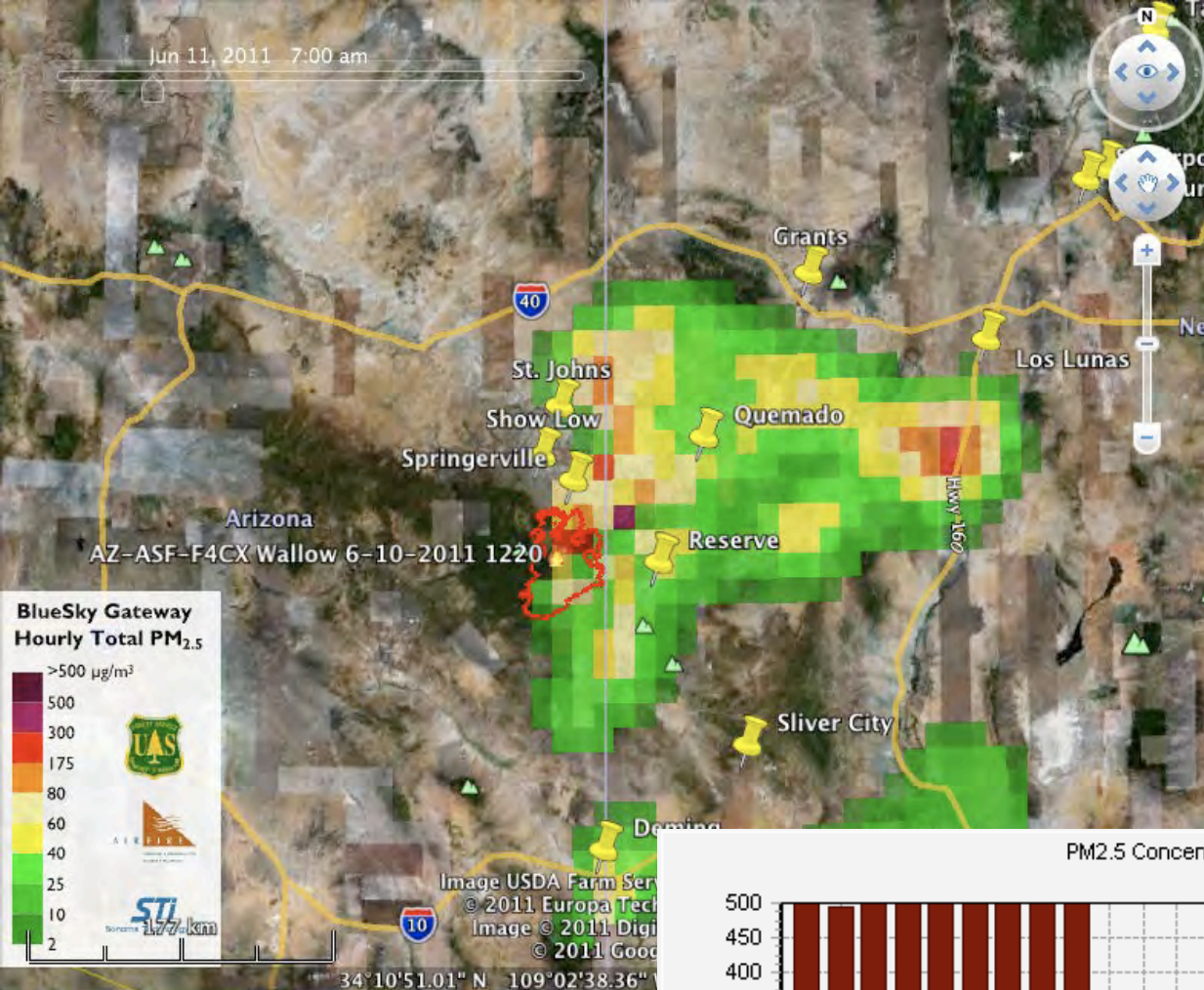


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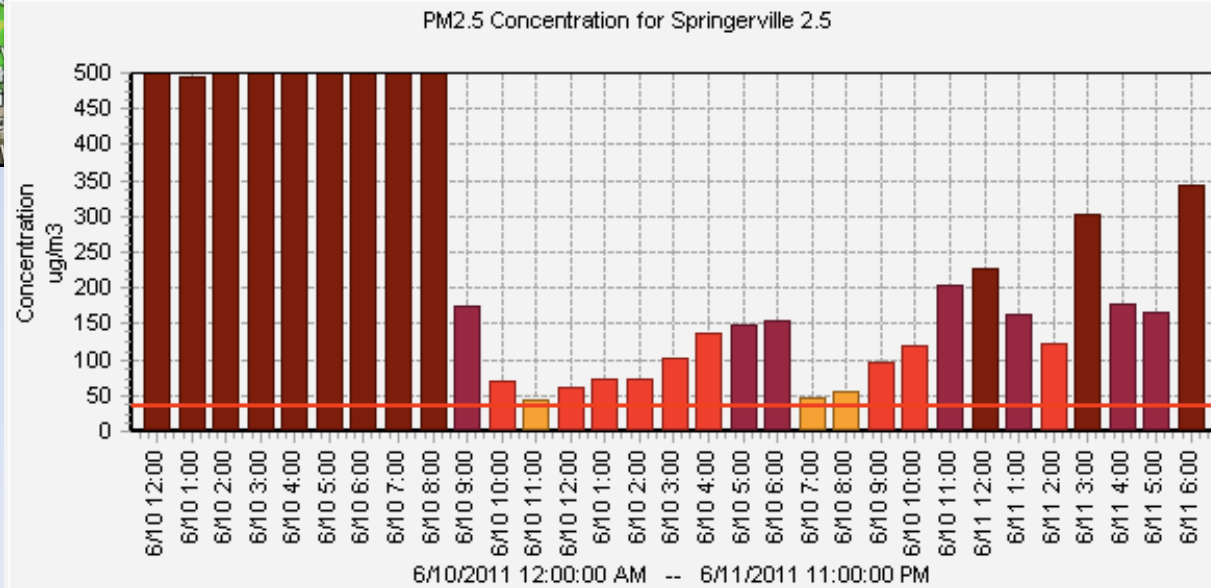
124 km

33°54'41.51" N 108°29'39.76" W elev 2077 m

Eye alt 519.44 km



When possible, compare model output with observations – don't disregard “close misses” in time and space



Multiple model runs – vary inputs

- Change fuel loadings
- Change fuel moistures
- Change area burned

Compare the outputs – do small changes to the inputs result in large changes to the results?